

Private Wildlife Licence Application Form and Guide to Keeping Wildlife for Private Purposes in Victoria



Environment,
Land, Water
and Planning

Wildlife Basic Licence

Authorises the holder to possess, keep, breed, buy, sell and dispose of any wildlife (whether alive or dead) listed in Schedules 2 & 7 of the Wildlife Regulations 2013 for non-commercial purposes.

Wildlife Advanced Licence

Authorises the holder to possess, keep, breed, buy, sell and dispose of any wildlife (whether alive or dead) listed in Schedules 2, 3 & 7 of the Wildlife Regulations 2013 for non-commercial purposes.

Wildlife Specimen Licence

Authorises the holder to possess, keep, buy, sell and dispose of prepared or mounted specimens of any dead wildlife for non-commercial purposes.

About this Application

The minimum age for applicants is 10 years of age. This form is not valid after 30 June 2017.

1. Your personal details

A licence will only be issued to a Natural Person of 10 or more years of age.

Mr/Mrs/Ms	First name	Other name/s	Surname
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Date of birth	Sex (M/F)	Concession (Y/N)	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

To receive a concession on the cost of your licence, you must include a photocopy of your pension card with this application.

2. Your residential address

This Licence only authorises you to possess wildlife at the premises specified in the Licence, unless subject to lawful trade or treatment by a registered Veterinarian.

Property name (Name of house, farm or building if applicable)	Flat/Unit No.	House/Lot No.
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Street name		
<input type="text"/>		
City/Suburb/Town	Postcode	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

3. Your postal address

If your Postal Address is the same as the above-mentioned Residential Address, write 'As above'.

Property name (Name of house, farm or building if applicable)	Flat/Unit No.	House/Lot No.
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Street name (or Post Office Box)		
<input type="text"/>		
City/Suburb/Town	Postcode	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	

4. Your contact details

Telephone No:	Email:
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

5. What type of licence are you applying for?

Tick (✓) the appropriate boxes to indicate the Licence type and term you require and refer to Page 8 for the amount payable.

Basic Licence	<input type="checkbox"/> 30 September 2017	or	<input type="checkbox"/> 30 September 2019	\$ <input type="text"/>
Advanced Licence	<input type="checkbox"/> 30 September 2017	or	<input type="checkbox"/> 30 September 2019	\$ <input type="text"/>
Specimen Licence			<input type="checkbox"/> 30 September 2019	\$ <input type="text"/>

DELWP OFFICE USE ONLY:

Amount Paid

Date Paid

Receipt No.

6. Prior convictions

Have you been convicted of any offence in Victoria under the *Wildlife Act 1975* or the *Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1986* during the last 10 years? If "Yes", give details below:

Yes / No	Description of Offence	Year	State

7. Do you have any wildlife in your possession at the time of this application?

Please attach a separate sheet if more space is required.

Yes / No	Species Name	Quantity	Alive / Dead	Licence No.

8. Applicants under 18 years of age

If you are between 10 and 17 years of age you must complete this section and provide the signed consent of your parent or legal guardian below.

Do you wish to keep venomous snakes ?

Yes No

If 'yes', you must include documentary evidence of competency the safe-handling of venomous snakes. Contact the DELWP Customer Service Centre on 136 186 for details.

Name of Parent or Legal Guardian

Signature of Parent or Legal Guardian

Daytime Contact Telephone No.

Date

9. Collection, use and disclosure of personal information

Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014

The Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (DELWP) is committed to protecting personal information provided by you in accordance with the principles of the Victorian privacy laws. The information you provide will be used to monitor compliance with licence conditions and to provide information about any changes to legislative requirements. Your contact details may also be used by DELWP or its contracted service providers under confidentiality agreements to survey you about your experience with DELWP or to seek feedback related the keeping of wildlife. A licence may not be issued if the information required is not provided.

The information you provide will also be made available to any authorised law enforcement agency.

You may access the information you have provided to DELWP by contacting the Privacy Coordinator on (03) 9637 8697.

10. Declaration by Applicant

I understand that there are penalties for making a false declaration and that any licence issued as a result of a false declaration will be cancelled, and may affect my eligibility to keep wildlife in the future, and that all details provided by me on this form are true and correct. I also consent to the collection, use and disclosure of my personal information for the purposes described in Part 9.

Signature of Applicant

Date

11. Declaration by Witness

Please see page 4 for who can witness an application

"I hereby declare that all details provided by me on this form are true and correct and that the personal details shown on the 'Evidence of Identity' presented to me matches those provided by the Applicant in this application."

Name of Witness

Date

Signature of Witness

Contact Telephone No.

Guide to keeping wildlife for private purposes in Victoria

CONTACTS

Wildlife Licensing
Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (DELWP)
PO Box 500 East Melbourne VIC 8002
Facsimile (03) 9637 8475

DELWP Customer Service Centre 136 186

GENERAL INFORMATION

Different laws apply in each Australian State and Territory with respect to wildlife. Consequently, the wildlife laws of other States and Territories do not necessarily apply in Victoria. If in doubt, call the DELWP Customer Service Centre.

In Victoria, a diverse range of wildlife is protected under the *Wildlife Act 1975* and the Wildlife Regulations 2013. Only those taxa listed in Schedules 2, 3, 4 and 7 of the Regulations may be kept privately in Victoria. Any wildlife not listed in these Schedules cannot be held by individuals in Victoria.

If you operate from a shop or commercial premises, you will require a Commercial Wildlife Licence for any taxa other than those listed in Schedule 4.

Applications for Commercial Wildlife Licences can be obtained from www.delwp.vic.gov.au or by calling 136 186.

DO I NEED A LICENCE?

A Licence is required to keep wildlife listed in Schedules 2, 3 and 7 of the Wildlife Regulations 2013.

- This includes keeping, possessing, breeding, buying, selling or disposing of wildlife for private and non-commercial purposes.

A Licence is not required to keep wildlife listed in Schedule 4 of the Wildlife Regulations 2013.

- This includes keeping, possessing, breeding, buying, selling or disposing of wildlife for private and non-commercial purposes. Wildlife has to have come from a lawful source.

A Wildlife Specimen Licence is required for any prepared or mounted specimens of wildlife.

- A licence is required to possess, keep, buy, sell and dispose of prepared or mounted specimens of any dead wildlife for private and non-commercial purposes.

A Licence is not required to keep processed wildlife.

- A licence is not required to possess processed wildlife products (other than by taxidermy) from the following wildlife: Freshwater or Saltwater Crocodile, Emu, Common Brushtail Possum, Eastern or Western Grey Kangaroo, Whiptail Wallaby, Common Wallaroo/Euro, Red-necked Wallaby, Red Kangaroo or Tasmanian Pademelon.

A Licence is required to keep a dingo.

- A licence is required to possess, keep, breed, buy, sell and dispose of any dingo for non-commercial purposes or to possess a dingo at other sites for the purposes of exercising, obedience training, education, or display at shows conducted by a canine association. Applications for a Dingo Licence can be obtained from www.delwp.vic.gov.au or by calling 136 186.

COMMON EXPIRY DATE

Basic & Advanced Licences

All Basic & Advanced Licences have a common expiry date of 30 September, subject to the term of licence you have requested.

Your first licence will only be issued for the period remaining to 30 September from the date of issue. A *pro-rata* fee may apply, depending on when you lodge your application.

However, if you apply for a licence in July, August or September of 2016, your licence will be issued to 30 September 2017 or 30 September 2019 depending on the duration of licence you have requested.

Specimen Licences

Specimen Licences also have a common expiry date but, because they are issued for up to 3 years, they will all next expire on 30 September 2019. Your first licence will only be issued for the period remaining to this.

YOUR OBLIGATIONS

Record Keeping

If your application for a licence is successful, you will receive a *Protected Wildlife Record Book*. These records help guard against the illegal exploitation of wildlife.

- Record transactions immediately after they are completed; instructions are included in the Record Book. It is your responsibility to obtain and record all relevant information from any persons with whom you deal in wildlife with. Ensure that the licence of anyone you buy or sell wildlife with is valid.
- You must maintain permanent and legible entries of all wildlife transactions in the Record Book.
- Keep your Record Book in a safe place; it is a permanent record of all transactions involving your wildlife. *Do not remove any pages*; an administrative fee may be charged for the replacement of lost or damaged Record Books.
- Failure to keep accurate and up-to-date records is an offence under the *Wildlife Act 1975*.

Returns for Wildlife

The Wildlife Regulations 2013 require licence holders to submit an annual Return Form. The information contained in these returns gives a State-wide overview of wildlife possession and trade which is used to help with wildlife management.

- You must submit a completed Return Form by no later than 14 April each year, detailing the wildlife in your possession and summarising any wildlife transactions conducted during the twelve-month period ending 31 March.
- Even if you do not hold any wildlife, you must submit a Return Form each year for as long as you hold a current wildlife licence.
- Remember to sign and date the form.
- You must keep a legible copy of each Return Form.

Correct Details

If any details on a licence are incorrect, or if they change (e.g. you move house), you must notify DELWP using the 'Licence Amendment form' within 10 business days of any change. A new licence will be posted to you. Once you have received your new licence, you should destroy the old one.

A **Licence Amendment Form** is available for this purpose and can be obtained from www.delwp.vic.gov.au or by calling 136 186

Theft, loss and damage

Holders of a Wildlife Licence have an obligation to notify DELWP of any theft or loss of wildlife, including:

- Report any theft relation to a wildlife licence to a member of the police force within 2 business days of becoming aware of the theft.
- Record the theft of wildlife in your Wildlife Record Book.
- Retain a copy of the police report.

Holders of a Wildlife Licence must also notify DELWP of the theft or loss of any wildlife within 2 business days of becoming aware of the theft or loss. You must also produce a copy of the police report upon request by an authorised officer.

A *Notification of Theft, Loss, Damage or Escape Form* is available for this purpose which can be obtained from <http://www.delwp.vic.gov.au> or by calling 136 186.

WITNESSING AN APPLICATION

Only the following people may witness an application:

- | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| – Dentists | – Bail Justices or Sheriffs | – Registered Veterinary Practitioners |
| – Medical Practitioners | – Judges or Magistrates | – Town Clerks or Shire Secretaries |
| – Postmasters | – Justices of the Peace | – Clerks of Courts or Petty Sessions |
| – Chartered Accountants | – Barristers or Solicitors | – Teachers with over 5 years' of experience |
| – Bank Managers | – Members of the Police | – Ministers of Religion authorised to celebrate marriages |
| – Pharmacists | – Municipal Councillors | – Public Servants with over 5 of years' experience |

WILDLIFE OFFICERS

Protecting our wildlife resources

Wildlife Officers (“Authorised officers”) may inspect wildlife held by any person. They may also inspect Record Books and any other documentation associated with keeping and trading wildlife. Mostly, inspections are conducted by uniformed officers (but not always) and they will show you official identification. If identification is not offered, you should ask to see it.

If you are requested to participate in an inspection it does not mean that you have done anything wrong. Inspections are often conducted to monitor general trends in wildlife licence holders. As a wildlife licence holder you have certain rights and obligations.

LICENCE CONDITIONS

Wildlife Basic Licence

- A licence authorises the holder to possess, keep, breed, buy, sell and dispose of wildlife listed in Schedules 2 and 7 of the Wildlife Regulations 2013.
- The licence holder may possess or keep any number of those taxa listed in Schedule 2 of the Wildlife Regulations 2013.
- The licence holder may only possess or keep, at any given time, no more than 10 self-sufficient individuals of wildlife listed in Schedule 7 of the Wildlife Regulations 2013. (A self-sufficient emu is deemed to be a chick of four weeks or older).
- The licence holder must not sell or dispose of any wildlife which has been bought or acquired and which has not been in the possession of the licence holder for at least six months without the prior written approval of the Secretary.
- The licence holder must not sell or dispose of wildlife from a shop or business premises or for commercial purposes from the premises specified on the licence.
- The licence holder must not buy or acquire wildlife from a person unless that person:
 - Holds a wildlife licence that authorises them to sell or dispose of that wildlife; or
 - Is an exempt person for the purposes of selling or disposing of that wildlife; or
 - Has obtained the prior written approval of the Secretary.
- The licence holder must not sell or dispose of wildlife to another person unless that person:
 - Holds a wildlife licence that authorises that person to buy or acquire that wildlife; or
 - Is an exempt person for the purposes of selling or disposing of wildlife; or
 - Has obtained the prior written approval of the Secretary.

Wildlife Advanced Licence

- A licence authorises the holder to possess, keep, breed, buy, sell and dispose of wildlife listed in Schedules 2, 3 and 7 of the Wildlife Regulations 2013.
- The licence holder may possess or keep any number of those taxa listed in Schedule 2 and 3 of the Wildlife Regulations 2013.
- The licence holder may only possess or keep, at any given time, no more than 10 self-sufficient individuals of wildlife listed in Schedule 7 of the Wildlife Regulations 2013. (A self-sufficient emu is deemed to be a chick of four weeks or older).
- The licence holder must not sell or dispose of any wildlife which has been bought or acquired and which has not been in the possession of the licence holder for at least six months without the prior written approval of the Secretary.
- The licence holder must not sell or dispose of wildlife from a shop or business premises or for commercial purposes from the premises specified on the licence.
- The licence holder must not buy or acquire wildlife from a person unless that person:
 - Holds a wildlife licence that authorises them to sell or dispose of that wildlife; or
 - Is an exempt person for the purposes of selling or disposing of that wildlife; or
 - Has obtained the prior written approval of the Secretary.
- The licence holder must not sell or dispose of wildlife to another person unless that person –
 - Holds a wildlife licence that authorises that person to buy or acquire that wildlife; or
 - Is an exempt person for the purposes of selling or disposing of wildlife; or
 - Has obtained the prior written approval of the Secretary.
- If the applicant intends to keep venomous snakes and is less than 18 years of age documentary evidence of their competency in the safe handling of venomous snakes must be provided with the application.

Wildlife Specimen Licence

- A licence authorises the holder to possess, keep, buy, sell and dispose of prepared or mounted specimens of dead wildlife.
- The Licence Holder must not enter into a transaction with a person to buy, acquire, sell or dispose of wildlife unless the person:
 - Holds a wildlife licence that authorises that person to buy, acquire, sell or dispose of that wildlife; or
 - Is an exempt person for the purposes of buying, acquiring, selling or disposing of such wildlife; or
 - Has obtained the prior written approval of the Secretary.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Please read carefully before completing the application form.

Choosing the Right Licence

Please ensure that you have the right licence for the wildlife you wish to keep. Only one licence is required to be held at any given time for wildlife listed in the Schedules to the Wildlife Regulations 2013. Dead specimens of wildlife may be held under a Wildlife Specimen Licence.

A Valid Licence

Wildlife must not be acquired until the appropriate licence has been obtained. Even if your cheque or money order has been banked, you are not authorised to hold wildlife until you have received and signed your licence.

One Licence per Premise

Only one private wildlife licence may operate at a given location (the premises specified in the licence) at any given time.

Specified Premises

Any wildlife being held under a wildlife licence must remain at the premises specified in the licence, unless going to or returning from a veterinarian, or subject to a legal trade (unless specifically allowed by the Wildlife Regulations 2013).

Licence Cannot be Transferred

A wildlife licence held by a Natural Person cannot be transferred to another person.

Licences are Renewable

Licences are renewable on either an annual or 3-year basis upon payment of the prescribed licence fee, but it is the responsibility of the licence holder to ensure that the licence remains current. A renewal notice will be produced approximately six weeks prior to the expiry date of the licence.

If you do not comply with all of the conditions of your licence, you may be prosecuted and renewal of your licence may be refused.

Going Away?

If you are going away and want to transfer your wildlife to another appropriately licensed person to look after, this must be recorded as a transaction in your respective *Protected Wildlife Record Books*.

If the person looking after your wildlife holds either a Basic or Advanced Licence and intends to return your wildlife to you within six months, you will need to obtain the prior written approval of the Secretary.

If a person is looking after the wildlife at the premises noted on your licence, no action is required.

Persons Under 18 Years of Age

Private Wildlife Licences will not be issued to persons under 10 years of age. Applicants under 18 years of age must provide written and signed consent of their parent or legal guardian with their application.

Underage applicants for a Private Wildlife (Advanced) Licence who wish to keep venomous snakes must also include documentary evidence of their competency in the safe handling of venomous snakes, otherwise their licence will not allow them to keep venomous snakes. Further information on snake handling training is available by calling 136 186.

Taking Wildlife From The Wild

Wildlife must not be taken from the wild or released to the wild without the prior written approval of the Secretary. This includes removing dead wildlife from the wild.

Trading

When trading wildlife (for which a licence is required) both parties must have a valid licence and both must ensure that all requirements of the *Wildlife Act 1975* and the Wildlife Regulations 2013 are met.

If you advertise wildlife for sale you must include your wildlife licence number.

An Import-Export Permit must be obtained before moving wildlife into or out of Victoria (other than for wildlife listed in Part A of Schedule 4 of the Wildlife Regulations 2013) irrespective of any other licensing requirements.

Sick, Injured or Abandoned Native Animals

Wildlife found sick, injured or abandoned must be handed to an authorised Wildlife Shelter for care and rehabilitation for release back to the wild. Information on the closest Wildlife Shelter is available by calling 136 186.

Codes of Practice

There are a number of voluntary codes of practice which recommend minimum standards and practices for keeping a wide range of wildlife, including amphibians, birds and reptiles.

Copies of various Codes of Practice may be obtained online at www.delwp.vic.gov.au

Hand-Rearing Birds

The hand-rearing of birds held under a private wildlife licence may generally only be undertaken by the holder of that licence. Under the Wildlife Regulations 2013, it is illegal to buy, sell, dispose of, consign, convey or transport any egg or any bird that is too young to fly (or, if a flightless bird, is less than four weeks old), for any purpose other than treatment by a registered veterinary surgeon without the prior written permission of the Secretary.

Unlisted Species

If the taxa you wish to keep is not listed in the Schedules it cannot be kept legally in this State. If in doubt, call 136 186.

Other Legal Obligations

Licensees must comply with all requirements of the *Wildlife Act 1975*, the Wildlife Regulations 2013, wildlife licence conditions and all relevant Commonwealth, State or Local Government laws.

PRIVACY AND PERSONAL INFORMATION

Privacy and Data Protection Act 2014

The Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (DELWP) is committed to protecting personal information provided by you in accordance with the principles of the Victorian privacy laws. The information you provide will be used to monitor compliance with licence conditions and to provide information about any changes to legislative requirements. Your contact details may also be used by DELWP or its contracted service providers under confidentiality agreements to survey you about your experience with DELWP or to seek feedback related the keeping of wildlife. A licence may not be issued if the information required is not provided.

The information you provide will also be made available to any authorised law enforcement agency.

You may access the information you have provided to DELWP by contacting the Privacy Coordinator on (03) 9637 8697.

PROXY NOMINATION

DELWP will not discuss your licence or disclose your personal information to any other person, except by prior arrangement. In certain circumstances, you may require a third-party to make licence enquiries or deal with DELWP on your behalf.

A **Proxy Nomination Form** is available for this purpose which can be obtained from www.delwp.vic.gov.au or by calling 136 186.

CONCESSIONS

Anyone holding a current Commonwealth Health Card is eligible for a concession on the cost of a Private Wildlife Licence. Further information on concessions is available from www.dhs.vic.gov.au/concessions.

You must pay the Concession fee and provide a photocopy of your current concession card when you first apply for a licence and any subsequent licence renewals.

You must prove your eligibility each and every time you wish to claim a concession, regardless of your previous eligibility. If you don't provide a photocopy of your current Concession Card, your application will not be processed.

PAYMENT OPTIONS

Wildlife Licence applications may only be paid by Cheque or Money Order.

Electronic payment options (such as BPAY, Postbillpay and other electronic options) are available for licence renewals.

Please make cheques or money orders payable to the **'Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning**.

Applications with the correct payment should be sent to:

Accounts Receivable

Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning

475-485 Mickleham Rd

ATTWOOD VIC 3049

LICENCE ISSUE

When can I expect to receive my licence?

If your application is approved, you should expect to receive your licence about three weeks after your application is received by DELWP.

Note: You cannot acquire any wildlife until you receive your Wildlife Licence and Protected Wildlife Record Book.

LICENCE FEES

Please note that Wildlife Licence fees are exempt from the Goods & Services Tax (GST). Where appropriate, monthly pro-rata figures are rounded-down to the nearest 10 cents.

How much will my licence cost ?

- 1) Refer to the relevant table below, select the current month and select the **Expiry Date** you have requested.
- The full fee is shown alongside in **Bold** and the concession fee is shown in *Italics*.
- 2) Write the amount payable in the Part 5 of the Application and attach a cheque or money order for that amount.

WILDLIFE BASIC LICENCE	30-Sep-2017		30-Sep-2019		
	APPLICATION DATE	Full Fee	Concession	Full Fee	Concession
	July 2016	\$116.70	<i>\$58.30</i>	\$242.80	<i>\$121.40</i>
	August 2016	\$108.90	<i>\$54.40</i>	\$236.60	<i>\$118.30</i>
	September 2016	\$101.10	<i>\$50.50</i>	\$230.30	<i>\$115.10</i>
	October 2016	\$93.30	<i>\$46.60</i>	\$224.10	<i>\$112.00</i>
	November 2016	\$85.60	<i>\$42.80</i>	\$217.90	<i>\$108.90</i>
	December 2016	\$77.80	<i>\$38.90</i>	\$211.70	<i>\$105.80</i>
	January 2017	\$70.00	<i>\$35.00</i>	\$205.40	<i>\$102.70</i>
	February 2017	\$62.20	<i>\$31.10</i>	\$199.20	<i>\$99.60</i>
	March 2017	\$54.40	<i>\$27.20</i>	\$193.00	<i>\$96.50</i>
	April 2017	\$46.60	<i>\$23.30</i>	\$186.70	<i>\$93.30</i>
	May 2017	\$38.90	<i>\$19.40</i>	\$180.50	<i>\$90.20</i>
	June 2017	\$31.10	<i>\$15.50</i>	\$174.30	<i>\$87.10</i>

WILDLIFE ADVANCED LICENCE	30-Sep-2017		30-Sep-2019		
	APPLICATION DATE	Full Fee	Concession	Full Fee	Concession
	July 2016	\$216.00	<i>\$108.00</i>	\$449.40	<i>\$224.70</i>
	August 2016	\$201.60	<i>\$100.80</i>	\$437.90	<i>\$218.90</i>
	September 2016	\$187.20	<i>\$93.60</i>	\$426.30	<i>\$213.10</i>
	October 2016	\$172.80	<i>\$86.40</i>	\$414.80	<i>\$207.40</i>
	November 2016	\$158.40	<i>\$79.20</i>	\$403.30	<i>\$201.60</i>
	December 2016	\$144.00	<i>\$72.00</i>	\$391.80	<i>\$195.90</i>
	January 2017	\$129.60	<i>\$64.80</i>	\$380.20	<i>\$190.10</i>
	February 2017	\$115.20	<i>\$57.60</i>	\$368.70	<i>\$184.30</i>
	March 2017	\$100.80	<i>\$50.40</i>	\$357.20	<i>\$178.60</i>
	April 2017	\$86.40	<i>\$43.20</i>	\$345.70	<i>\$172.80</i>
	May 2017	\$72.00	<i>\$36.00</i>	\$334.10	<i>\$167.00</i>
	June 2017	\$57.60	<i>\$28.80</i>	\$322.60	<i>\$161.30</i>

WILDLIFE SPECIMEN LICENCE	30-Sep-2019		
	APPLICATION DATE	Full Fee	Concession
	July 2016	\$36.20	<i>\$18.10</i>
	August 2016	\$35.30	<i>\$17.60</i>
	September 2016	\$34.30	<i>\$17.10</i>
	October 2016	\$33.40	<i>\$16.70</i>
	November 2016	\$32.50	<i>\$16.20</i>
	December 2016	\$31.50	<i>\$15.70</i>
	January 2017	\$30.60	<i>\$15.30</i>
	February 2017	\$29.70	<i>\$14.80</i>
	March 2017	\$28.80	<i>\$14.40</i>
	April 2017	\$27.80	<i>\$13.90</i>
	May 2017	\$26.90	<i>\$13.40</i>
	June 2017	\$26.00	<i>\$13.00</i>

SCHEDULE 2 – TAXA OF WILDLIFE THAT MAY BE HELD FOR PRIVATE PURPOSES UNDER A BASIC WILDLIFE LICENCE

BIRDS

Australasian Shoveler	<i>Anas rhynchos</i>
Australian King-Parrot	<i>Alisterus scapularis</i>
Australian Magpie	<i>Craticus tibicen</i>
Australian Ringneck	<i>Barnardius zonarius</i> , except <i>semitorquatus</i>
Australian Shelduck	<i>Tadorna tadornoides</i>
Banded Lapwing	<i>Vanellus tricolor</i>
Bar-shouldered Dove	<i>Geopelia humeralis</i>
Black Swan	<i>Cygnus atratus</i>
Black-breasted Button-quail	<i>Turnix melanogaster</i>
Black-tailed Native-hen	<i>Gallinula ventralis</i>
Black-throated Finch	<i>Poephila cincta</i>
Blue Bonnet all kinds, except southern Western Australian form	<i>Northiella haematogaster</i> , except <i>Northiella</i> <i>haematogaster narethae</i>
Blue-winged Parrot	<i>Neophema chrysostoma</i>
Brown Cuckoo-Dove	<i>Macropygia amboinensis</i>
Brown Quail	<i>Coturnix ypsilophora</i>
Brush Bronzewing	<i>Phaps elegans</i>
Cape Barren Goose	<i>Cereopsis novaehollandiae</i>
Chestnut Teal	<i>Anas castanea</i>
Chestnut-backed Button-quail	<i>Turnix castanota</i>
Crimson Finch	<i>Neochmia phaeton</i>
Diamond Firetail	<i>Stagonopleura guttata</i>
Eclectus Parrot (red-sided) Australian subspecies only	<i>Eclectus roratus macgillivrayi</i>
Flock Bronzewing	<i>Phaps histrionica</i>
Golden-shouldered Parrot	<i>Psephotus chrysopterygius</i>
Grey Teal	<i>Anas gracilis</i>
Hardhead	<i>Aythya australis</i>
Laughing Kookaburra	<i>Dacelo novaeguineae</i>
Little Button-quail	<i>Turnix velox</i>
Little Lorikeet	<i>Glossopsitta pusilla</i>
Magpie Goose	<i>Anseranas semipalmata</i>
Maned Duck	<i>Chenonetta jubata</i>
Masked Finch	<i>Poephila personata</i>
Masked Lapwing	<i>Vanellus miles</i>
Mulga Parrot	<i>Psephotus varius</i>
Pacific Black Duck	<i>Anas superciliosa</i>
Painted Button-quail	<i>Turnix varia</i>
Partridge Pigeon	<i>Geophaps smithii</i>
Pictorella Mannikin	<i>Heteromunia pectoralis</i>
Pied Imperial-Pigeon	<i>Ducula bicolor</i>
Pink-eared Duck	<i>Malacorhynchus</i> <i>membranaceus</i>
Plumed Whistling-Duck	<i>Dendrocygna eytoni</i>
Purple-crowned Lorikeet	<i>Glossopsitta porphyrocephala</i>
Radjah Shelduck	<i>Tadorna radjah</i>
Red Wattlebird	<i>Anthochaera carunculata</i>
Red-backed Button-quail	<i>Turnix maculosa</i>
Red-browed Finch	<i>Neochmia temporalis</i>
Red-capped Parrot	<i>Purpureicephalus spurius</i>
Red-chested Button-quail	<i>Turnix pyrrhotorax</i>
Red-collared Lorikeet	<i>Trichoglossus haematodus</i> <i>rubritorquis</i>
Red-winged Parrot	<i>Aprosmictus erythropterus</i>
Regent Parrot - South East subspecies	<i>Polytelis anthopeplus</i> <i>monarchoides</i>
Regent Parrot - Western Australian subspecies	<i>Polytelis anthopeplus</i> <i>anthopeplus</i>
Rock Parrot	<i>Neophema petrophila</i>
Rose-crowned Fruit-Dove	<i>Ptilinopus regina</i>
Rosellas— all except Western Rosella & Eastern Rosella	<i>Platycercus</i> species, except <i>Platycercus icterotis</i> & <i>Platycercus eximus</i>

Silvereye	<i>Zosterops lateralis</i>
Spinifex Pigeon	<i>Geophaps plumifera</i>
Squatter Pigeon	<i>Geophaps scripta</i>
Superb Parrot	<i>Polytelis swainsonii</i>
Topknot Pigeon	<i>Lopholaimus antarcticus</i>
Varied Lorikeet	<i>Psittuteutes versicolour</i>
Wandering Whistling-Duck	<i>Dendrocygna arcuata</i>
White-headed Pigeon	<i>Columba leucomela</i>
Wonga Pigeon	<i>Leucosarcia melanoleuca</i>
Yellow-rumped Mannikin	<i>Lonchura flaviprymna</i>

REPTILES

Australian Scrub Python	<i>Morelia kinghorni</i>
Beaded Gecko	<i>Lucasium damaeum</i>
Bearded Dragon	<i>Pogona barbata</i>
Black Rock Skink	<i>Egernia saxatilis</i>
Black-headed Monitor	<i>Varanus tristis</i>
Black-headed Python	<i>Aspidites melanocephalus</i>
Bougainville's Skink	<i>Lerista bougainvillii</i>
Boulenger's Skink	<i>Morethia boulengeri</i>
Broad-shelled River Turtle	<i>Chelodina expansa</i>
Burrowing Skink	<i>Lerista picturata</i>
Burton's Snake-Lizard	<i>Lialis burtonis</i>
Bynoe's Gecko	<i>Heteronotia binoei</i>
Carpet or Diamond Python	<i>Morelia spilota</i>
- including:	
Diamond Python	<i>M. s. spilota</i>
Centralian Carpet Python	<i>M. s. bredli</i> <i>M. s. variegata</i>
Top End Carpet Python	<i>M. s. mcdowellii</i>
Eastern Carpet Python	<i>M. s. cheynei</i>
Jungle Carpet Python	<i>M. s. metcalfei</i>
Murray/Darling Carpet Python	<i>M. s. imbricata</i>
Western Carpet Python	
Central Bearded Dragon	<i>Pogona vitticeps</i>
Central Military Dragon	<i>Ctenophorus isolepis</i>
Central Netted Dragon	<i>Ctenophorus nuchalis</i>
Centralian Blue-tongued Lizard	<i>Tiliqua multifasciata</i>
Centralian Ranges Rock-skink	<i>Liopholis margaretae</i>
Children's Python	<i>Antaresia childreni</i>
Common or Green Tree Snake	<i>Dendrelaphis punctulata</i>
Common Scaly-foot	<i>Pygopus lepidopodus</i>
Crested Dragon	<i>Ctenophorus cristatus</i>
Desert Cave Gecko	<i>Heteronotia spelea</i>
Eastern Hooded Scaly-foot	<i>Pygopus schraderi</i>
Eastern Stone Gecko	<i>Diplodactylus vittatus</i>
Eastern Three-lined Skink	<i>Acritoscincus duperreyi</i>
Eastern Water Dragon	<i>Physignathus lesueurii</i> <i>lesueurii</i>
Eastern Water Skink	<i>Eulamprus quoyii</i>
Eyrean Earless Dragon	<i>Tympanocryptis</i> <i>tetraporophora</i>
Garden Skink	<i>Lampropholis delicata</i>
Gidgee Skink	<i>Egernia stokesii</i>
Gilbert's Dragon	<i>Amphibolurus gilberti</i>
Gippsland Water Dragon	<i>Physignathus lesueurii</i> <i>howittii</i>
Grass Skink	<i>Lampropholis guichenoti</i>
Hosmer's Skink	<i>Egernia hosmeri</i>
Jacky Lizard	<i>Amphibolurus muricatus</i>
Keelback	<i>Tropidonophis mairii</i>
King's Skink	<i>Egernia kingii</i>
Kreff's River Turtle	<i>Emydura krefftii</i>
Lace Monitor	<i>Varanus varius</i>
Land Mullet	<i>Bellatorias major</i>
Long-nosed Water Dragon	<i>Amphibolurus longirostris</i>
Major Skink	<i>Bellatorias frerei</i>
Mallee Military Dragon	<i>Ctenophorus fordii</i>
Mangrove Monitor	<i>Varanus indicus</i>

SCHEDULE 2 – TAXA OF WILDLIFE THAT MAY BE HELD FOR PRIVATE PURPOSES UNDER A BASIC WILDLIFE LICENCE (CONT).

Marbled Velvet Gecko	<i>Oedura marmorata</i>
Mary River Tortoise	<i>Elusor macrurus</i>
Merten's Water Monitor	<i>Varanus mertensi</i>
Oblong Turtle	<i>Chelodina oblonga</i>
Ocellated Skink	<i>Ctenotus pantherinus</i>
Olive Legless Lizard	<i>Delma inornata</i>
Olive Python	<i>Liasis olivaceus</i>
Painted Dragon	<i>Ctenophorus pictus</i>
Pale Knob-tailed Gecko	<i>Nephrurus laevis</i>
Ridge-tailed Monitor	<i>Varanus acanthurus</i>
Sand Monitor	<i>Varanus gouldii</i>
Saw-shelled Turtle	<i>Wollumbinia latisternum</i>
Shingle-Back Lizard	<i>Tiliqua rugosus</i>
Slatey-grey Snake	<i>Stegonotus cucullatus</i>
Smooth Knob-tailed Gecko	<i>Nephrurus levis</i>
Southern Angle-headed Dragon	<i>Hypsilurus spinipes</i>
Southern Grass Skink	<i>Pseudemoia entrecasteauxii</i>
Southern Legless Lizard	<i>Delma australis</i>
Southern Spiny-tailed Gecko	<i>Strophurus intermedius</i>
Southern Spotted Velvet Gecko	<i>Oedura tryoni</i>
Southern Water Skink	<i>Eulamprus tympanum</i> <i>tympanum</i> subspecies only
Spencer's Skink	<i>Pseudemoia spenceri</i>
Spotted Python	<i>Antaresia maculosus</i>
Stimson's Python	<i>Antaresia stimsoni</i>
Storr's Monitor	<i>Varanus storri</i>
Tawny Dragon	<i>Ctenophorus decresii</i>
Tessellated Gecko	<i>Diplodactylus tessellatus</i>
Thick-tailed Gecko	<i>Underwoodisaurus milii</i>
Tree Dtella	<i>Gehyra variegata</i>
Tree Skink	<i>Egernia striolata</i>
Water Python	<i>Liasis mackloti</i>
Western Blue-tongued Lizard	<i>Tiliqua occipitalis</i>
Western Hooded Scaly-foot	<i>Pygopus nigriceps</i>
Western Netted Dragon	<i>Ctenophorus reticulatus</i>
Western Stone Gecko	<i>Diplodactylus granariensis</i>
Woma Python	<i>Aspidites ramsayi</i>

AMPHIBIANS

Blue Mountains Tree Frog	<i>Litoria citropa</i>
Brown Striped Frog	<i>Limnodynastes peronii</i>
Common Spadefoot Toad	<i>Neobatrachus sudelli</i>
Dainty Green Tree Frog	<i>Litoria gracilentia</i>
Eastern Dwarf Tree Frog	<i>Litoria fallax</i>
Giant Barred Frog	<i>Mixophyes iteratus</i>
Giant Tree Frog	<i>Litoria infrafrenata</i>
Great Barred Frog	<i>Mixophyes fasciolatus</i>
Green Tree Frog	<i>Litoria caerulea</i>
Haswell's Frog	<i>Paracrinia haswelli</i>
Leaf Green Tree Frog	<i>Litoria phyllochroa</i>
Leaf Green Tree Frog	<i>Litoria nudidigita</i>
Leseur's Frog	<i>Litoria lesueuri</i>
Peron's Tree Frog	<i>Litoria peronii</i>
Southern Smooth Froglet	<i>Geocrinia laevis</i>
Water-holding Frog	<i>Cyclorana platycephala</i>
Whistling Tree Frog	<i>Litoria verreauxii</i>

MAMMALS

Black Wallaby	<i>Wallabia bicolor</i>
Common Brushtail Possum	<i>Trichosurus vulpecula</i>
Common Ringtail Possum	<i>Pseudocheirus peregrinus</i>
Common Wombat	<i>Vombatus ursinus</i>
Fat-tailed Dunnart	<i>Sminthopsis crassicaudata</i>
Kowari	<i>Dasyuroides byrnei</i>
Plains Rat	<i>Pseudomys australis</i>
Red-legged Pademelon	<i>Thylogale stigmatica</i>
Red-necked Pademelon	<i>Thylogale thetis</i>
Red-necked Wallaby	<i>Macropus rufogriseus</i>

Narrow-banded Sand Swimmer	<i>Eremiascincus fasciolatus</i>
Northern Dtella	<i>Gehyra australis</i>
Northern Snapping Turtle	<i>Elseya dentate</i>
Northern Spiny-tailed Gecko	<i>Strophurus ciliaris</i>
Northern Tree Snake	<i>Dendrelaphis calligastra</i>
Peninsula Dragon	<i>Ctenophorus fionni</i>
Pink-tongued Lizard	<i>Cyclodomorphus gerrardii</i>
Pygmy Mulga Monitor	<i>Varanus gilleni</i>
Red-barred Dragon	<i>Ctenophorus vadrappa</i>
Red-throated Skink	<i>Acritoscincus platynota</i>
Regal Striped Skink	<i>Ctenotus regius</i>
Rufous Bettong	<i>Aepyprymnus rufescens</i>
Rufous-bellied Pademelon	<i>Thylogale billardieri</i>
Southern Bettong	<i>Bettongia gaimardi</i>
Sugar Glider	<i>Petaurus breviceps</i>
Tammar Wallaby	<i>Macropus eugenii</i>

SCHEDULE 3 – TAXA OF WILDLIFE THAT MAY BE HELD FOR PRIVATE PURPOSES UNDER AN ADVANCED WILDLIFE LICENCE

BIRDS

Baudin's Black-Cockatoo	<i>Calyptorhynchus baudinii</i>
Blue Bonnet (southern Western Australian form)	<i>Northiella haematogaster narethae</i>
Carnaby's Black-Cockatoo	<i>Calyptorhynchus latirostris</i>
Gang-gang Cockatoo	<i>Callocephalon fimbriatum</i>
Glossy Black Cockatoo	<i>Calyptorhynchus lathami</i>
Major Mitchell Cockatoo (all taxa)	<i>Lophochroa leadbeateri</i> (all taxa)
Red-tailed Black-Cockatoo (all taxa except South-eastern)	<i>Calyptorhynchus banksia</i> , (all taxa except <i>graptogyne</i>)
Swift Parrot	<i>Lathamus discolor</i>
Yellow-tailed Black-Cockatoo (all taxa)	<i>Calyptorhynchus funereus</i> (all taxa)
Beautiful Firetail	<i>Stagonopleura bella</i>
Blue-billed Duck	<i>Oxyura australis</i>
Chestnut-quilled Rock Pigeon	<i>Petrophassa rufipennis</i>
Cotton Pygmy-Goose	<i>Nettapus coromandelianus</i>
Crimson Chat	<i>Epthianura tricolor</i>
Double-eyed Fig-Parrot	<i>Cyclopsitta diophthalma</i>
Freckled Duck	<i>Stictonetta naevosa</i>
Green Pygmy-Goose	<i>Nettapus pulchellus</i>
Inland Dotterel	<i>Charadrius australis</i>
Musk Duck	<i>Biziura lobata</i>
Red-eared Firetail	<i>Stagonopleura oculata</i>
Sacred Kingfisher	<i>Todiramphus sanctus</i>
Scarlet Honeyeater	<i>Myzomela sanguinolenta</i>
Splendid Fairy-wren	<i>Malurus splendens</i>
Spotted Pardalote	<i>Pardalotus punctatus</i>
Superb Fairy-wren	<i>Malurus cyaneus</i>
Superb Fruit-Dove	<i>Ptilinopus superbus</i>
Variiegated Fairy-wren	<i>Malurus lamberti</i>
White-browed Woodswallow	<i>Artamus superciliosus</i>
White-fronted Chat	<i>Epthianura albifrons</i>
White-quilled Rock-Pigeon	<i>Petrophassa albipennis</i>
White-winged Fairy-wren	<i>Malurus leucopterus</i>
Wompoo Fruit-Dove	<i>Ptilinopus magnificus</i>

REPTILES

Arafura File Snake	<i>Acrochordus arafurae</i>
Beaked Gecko	<i>Rhynchoedura ornata</i>
Black Tiger Snake	<i>Notechis ater</i>
Boyd's Forest Dragon	<i>Hypsilurus boydii</i>
Brook's Striped Skink	<i>Ctenotus brooksi</i>
Brown Tree Snake	<i>Boiga irregularis</i>
Centralian Knob-tailed Gecko	<i>Nephrurus amyaee</i>
Collett's Snake	<i>Pseudechis colletti</i>
Common Death Adder	<i>Acanthophis antarcticus</i>
Curl Snake	<i>Suta suta</i>
Desert Death Adder	<i>Acanthophis pyrrhus</i>
Downs Bearded Dragon	<i>Pogona henrylawsoni</i>
Dugite	<i>Pseudonaja affinis</i>
Eastern Brown Snake	<i>Pseudonaja textilis</i>
Eastern Small-eyed Snake	<i>Cryptophis nigrescens</i>
Fat-tailed Gecko	<i>Diplodactylus conspicillatus</i>
Fierce Snake	<i>Oxyuranus microlepidotus</i>
Freshwater Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus johnstoni</i>
Friiled Lizard	<i>Chlamydosaurus kingii</i>
Giant Cave Gecko	<i>Pseudothecadactylus lindneri</i>
Golden-tailed Gecko	<i>Strophurus taenicauda</i>
Green Python	<i>Morelia viridis</i>
Jewelled Gecko	<i>Strophurus elderi</i>
Little Whip Snake	<i>Parasuta flagellum</i>
Lowland Copperhead	<i>Austrelaps superbus</i>
Mitchell's Short-tailed Snake	<i>Parasuta nigriceps</i>
Mitchell's Water Monitor	<i>Varanus mitchelli</i>
Mulga Snake	<i>Pseudechis australis</i>

Northern Death Adder	<i>Acanthophis praelongus</i>
Northern Snake-necked Turtle	<i>Chelodina rugosa</i>
Painted Turtle (Jardine River Turtle only)	<i>Emydura subglobosa subglobosa</i>
Pig-nosed Turtle	<i>Carettochelys insulpta</i>
Prickly Knob-tailed Gecko	<i>Nephrurus asper</i>
Pygmy Python	<i>Antaresia perthensis</i>
Red-bellied Black Snake	<i>Pseudechis porphyriacus</i>
Rough-scaled Python	<i>Morelia carinata</i>
Rough-throated Leaf-tail Gecko	<i>Saltuarius salebrosus</i>
Saltwater Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus porosus</i>
Schomburgk's Skink	<i>Ctenotus schomburgkii</i>
Short-tailed Pygmy Monitor	<i>Varanus brevicauda</i>
Southern Leaf-tailed Gecko	<i>Saltuarius swaini</i>
Speckled Brown Snake	<i>Pseudonaja guttata</i>
Spencer's Monitor	<i>Varanus spenceri</i>
Spotted Black Snake	<i>Pseudechis guttatus</i>
Spotted Tree Monitor	<i>Varanus scalaris</i>
Steindachner's Turtle	<i>Chelodina steindachneri</i>
Stephen's Banded Snake	<i>Hoplocephalus stephensii</i>
Stripe-tailed Monitor	<i>Varanus caudolineatus</i>
Taipan	<i>Oxyuranus scutellatus</i>
Tiger Snake (all taxa)	<i>Notechis scutatus</i> (all taxa)
Western Brown Snake (Gwardar), including Southern Central Australia variety and Tropical Northern Australia variety	<i>Pseudonaja mengdeni</i> , including <i>Pseudonaja aspidorhyncha</i> & <i>Pseudonaja nuchalis</i>
White-lipped Snake	<i>Drysdalia coronoides</i>
Yellow-faced Whip Snake	<i>Demansia psammophis</i>

MAMMALS

Agile Wallaby	<i>Macropus agilis</i>
Black-striped Wallaby	<i>Macropus dorsalis</i>
Brush-tailed Bettong	<i>Bettongia penicillata</i>
Common Wallaroo (Euro)	<i>Macropus robustus</i>
Eastern Grey Kangaroo	<i>Macropus giganteus</i>
Eastern Quoll	<i>Dasyurus viverrinus</i>
Feathertail Glider	<i>Acrobates pygmaeus</i>
Kangaroo Island Kangaroo	<i>Macropus fuliginosus fuliginosus</i>
Long-nosed Potoroo	<i>Potorous tridactylus</i>
Parma Wallaby	<i>Macropus parma</i>
Quokka	<i>Setonix brachyurus</i>
Red Kangaroo	<i>Macropus rufus</i>
Southern Brown Bandicoot	<i>Isodon obesulus</i>
Spot-tailed Quoll	<i>Dasyurus maculatus</i>
Squirrel Glider	<i>Petaurus norfolcensis</i>
Western Grey Kangaroo	<i>Macropus fuliginosus</i>

AMPHIBIANS

Giant Burrowing Frog	<i>Heleioporus australiacus</i>
Green and Golden Bell Frog	<i>Litoria aurea</i>
Growling Grass Frog	<i>Litoria raniformis</i>
Magnificent Tree Frog	<i>Litoria splendida</i>
Northern Dwarf Tree Frog	<i>Litoria bicolor</i>
Orange-Thighed Frog	<i>Litoria xanthomera</i>
Red-eyed Tree Frog	<i>Litoria chloris</i>
Roth's Tree Frog	<i>Litoria rothii</i>
Southern Toadlet	<i>Pseudophryne semimarmorata</i>

SCHEDULE 4 - WILDLIFE THAT MAY BE HELD FOR PRIVATE PURPOSES WITHOUT A LICENCE

BIRDS

Alexandra's (Princess) Parrot	<i>Polytelis alexandrae</i>
Australian Ringneck	<i>Barnardius zonarius semitorquatus</i>
Blue-faced Finch	<i>Erythrura trichroa</i>
Bourke's Parrot	<i>Neopsephotus bourkii</i>
Budgerigar	<i>Melopsittacus undulatus</i>
Californian Quail	<i>Callipepla californica</i>
Chestnut-breasted Mannikin	<i>Lonchura castaneothorax</i>
Cockatiel	<i>Nymphicus hollandicus</i>
Common Bronzewing	<i>Phaps chalcoptera</i>
Crested Pigeon	<i>Ocyphaps lophotes</i>
Diamond Dove	<i>Geopelia cuneata</i>
Double-barred Finch	<i>Taeniopygia bichenovii</i>
Eastern Rosella	<i>Platycercus eximius</i>
Eclactus Parrot	<i>Eclactus roratus polychloros</i>
Elegant Parrot	<i>Neophema elegans</i>
Emerald Dove	<i>Chalcophaps indica</i>
European/Japanese Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>
Galah	<i>Eolophus roseicapilla</i>
Gouldian Finch	<i>Erythrura gouldiae</i>
Hooded Parrot	<i>Psephotus dissimilis</i>
King Quail	<i>Excalfactoria chinensis</i>
Little Corella	<i>Cacatua sanguinea</i>
Long-billed Corella	<i>Cacatua tenuirostris</i>
Long-tailed Finch	<i>Poephila acuticauda</i>
Musk Lorikeet	<i>Glossopsitta concinna</i>
Non-indigenous quail - all taxa, including Californian Quail and Japanese/European Quail	<i>Alectoris spp.</i> all taxa, including <i>Callipepla californica</i> and <i>Coturnix coturnix</i>
Painted Firetail	<i>Emblema pictum</i>
Partridge—all taxa	<i>Perdix spp.</i> <i>Alectoris spp.</i>
Peaceful Dove	<i>Geopelia striata</i>
Pheasant—all taxa	<i>Phasianus spp</i>
Plum-headed Finch	<i>Neochmia modesta</i>
Rainbow Lorikeet—excluding subspecies	<i>Trichoglossus haematodus</i>
Red-rumped Parrot	<i>Psephotus haematonotus</i>
Scaly-breasted Lorikeet	<i>Trichoglossus chlorolepidotus</i>
Scarlet-chested Parrot	<i>Neophema splendida</i>
Star Finch	<i>Neochmia ruficauda</i>
Stubble Quail	<i>Coturnix pectoralis</i>
Sulphur-crested Cockatoo	<i>Cacatua galerita</i>
Turquoise Parrot	<i>Neophema pulchella</i>
Western Rosella	<i>Platycercus icterotis</i>
Zebra Finch	<i>Taeniopygia guttata</i>

AMPHIBIANS

Common Eastern Froglet	<i>Crinia signifera</i>
Eastern Banjo Frog	<i>Limnodynastes dumerilii</i>
Plains Froglet	<i>Crinia parinsignifera</i>
Southern Brown Tree Frog	<i>Litoria ewingii</i>
Spotted Grass Frog	<i>Limnodynastes tasmaniensis</i>

REPTILES

Blotched Blue-tongued Lizard	<i>Tiliqua nigrolutea</i>
Common Long-necked Tortoise	<i>Chelodina longicollis</i>
Cunningham's Skink	<i>Egernia cunninghami</i>
Eastern Blue-tongued Lizard	<i>Tiliqua scincoides</i>
Marbled Gecko	<i>Christinus marmoratus</i>
Murray Turtle	<i>Emydura macquarii</i>
White's Skink	<i>Liopholis whitii</i>

MAMMALS

Chital	<i>Axis axis</i>
Common Brushtail Possum	<i>Trichosurus vulpecula</i>
Common Wallaroo (Euro)	<i>Macropus robustus</i>
Eastern Grey Kangaroo	<i>Macropus giganteus</i>

Fallow Deer	<i>Dama dama</i> , including <i>D. d. mesopotamica</i>
Hog Deer	<i>Axis porcinus</i>
Mitchell's Hopping Mouse	<i>Notomys mitchelli</i>
Red Deer	<i>Cervus elaphus</i>
Red Kangaroo	<i>Macropus rufus</i>
Red-necked Wallaby	<i>Macropus rufogriseus</i>
Rufous-bellied Pademelon	<i>Thyllogale billardieri</i>
Rusa Deer	<i>Cervus timorensis</i>
Sambar	<i>Cervus unicolor</i>
Spinifex Hopping Mouse	<i>Notomys alexis</i>
Wapiti Deer	<i>Cervus Canadensis</i>
Western Grey Kangaroo	<i>Macropus fuliginosus melanops</i>
Whiptail Wallaby	<i>Macropus parryi</i>

SCHEDULE 7 – WILDLIFE THAT MAY BE HELD FOR PRIVATE PURPOSES UNDER A BASIC WILDLIFE LICENCE

BIRDS

Emu	<i>Dromaius novaehollandiae</i>
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